

# **Module Specification**

# **Advanced Medical Physics**

Version: 2023-24, v3.0, 12 Jun 2023

# **Contents**

Module Specification	1
Part 1: Information	2
Part 2: Description	2
Part 3: Teaching and learning methods	5
Part 4: Assessment	8
Part 5: Contributes towards	9

## **Part 1: Information**

Module title: Advanced Medical Physics

Module code: USSKLK-30-2

Level: Level 5

For implementation from: 2023-24

**UWE credit rating: 30** 

ECTS credit rating: 15

Faculty: Faculty of Health & Applied Sciences

**Department:** HAS Dept of Applied Sciences

Partner institutions: None

**Delivery locations:** Not in use for Modules

Field: Applied Sciences

Module type: Module

Pre-requisites: Scientific Basis of Medical Physics 2023-24

**Excluded combinations:** None

Co-requisites: Applied Medical Physics 2023-24

Continuing professional development: No

Professional, statutory or regulatory body requirements: None

# Part 2: Description

**Overview:** This module explores advanced topics on medical physics relating to radiation governance and principles of scientific measurement.

Features: Not applicable

**Educational aims:** The overall aim of this module is to ensure that the student understands and can work safely within the legislative and policy framework around the safe use of ionising and non-ionising radiation in a healthcare environment.

Outline syllabus: The syllabus covers:

Clinical sources of radiation

Net positive benefit, dose limits

Stochastic and deterministic effects

Principles of designation of areas

External audit standards

Registration, safe custody, transport, use and disposal of radioactive sources

Contingency plans, including radiation emergencies

Notification of radiation accidents and incidents

Biological and effective half-life

Record keeping

Personnel and environmental dose monitoring

Operation of a personal monitoring service and approved dosimetry service

Film and thermoluminescent dosimeter (TLD), optically stimulated luminance (OSL)

monitoring, real-time dosimeters, e.g. Electronic Personal Dosimeter (EPD)

Instrument calibration

Internal dosimetry

Patient dosimetry

In-vivo dosimetry in radiotherapy, e.g. diodes, TLD, transit dosimetry

Principles of radiation dose limitation (including factors affecting the design of

radiation facilities)

Risk assessment

Controls

Calculation of shielding requirements

Environmental radiation surveys

Radiation protection in the administration of radioactive substances

Decontamination of radionuclide spills

Contamination monitoring isotope calibrators

Contamination monitors, wipe tests

Waste management – biological and radioactive hazards

Radioactive source security, e.g. high-activity sources

Principles of scientific medical physics measurement

Components of an instrumentation system, matching, source and internal

impedance, fault finding

System parameters (gain, linearity, accuracy, precision, error, resolution, hysteresis, sensitivity, bandwidth, frequency response and damping, time constant, noise, signal to noise)

Power supplies and isolation

Types of signal

Choice of transducers and detectors

Signal capture and process

Image manipulation, e.g. monitor calibration, windowing and filtering

Equipment sensitivity and uncertainty

Sources of error

Physiological test sensitivity and specificity

Calibration and traceability

For each detector system:

**Principles** 

Construction

Limitations

associated equipment

common clinical applications in radiation physics, nuclear medicine and radiotherapy

Detector systems:

ionisation chambers (Farmer, pinpoint, parallel plate, thimble)

detector arrays for dosimetry.

Geiger tubes

sodium iodide and other scintillators

liquid scintillation detection

solid state detectors, e.g. diodes, amorphous silicon (a-Si)

optical detectors, e.g. Cerenkov imaging

**TLDs** 

photographic film gel dosimeters alanine

OSL

chemical detectors, e.g. Gafchromic film

Physiological signals

Physiological basis of signals

Methods of measurement

Signal processing and extraction

Use of physiological signals in Medical Physics, e.g. respiratory and cardiac gating Introduction to ECG (Electrocardiogram) in clinical practice

# Part 3: Teaching and learning methods

**Teaching and learning methods:** There will be 3 weeks of contact time at UWE in 3 x 1 week blocks. Included in each block week are laboratory workshops, lectures and tutorials. The contact time will equate to approximately 12 hours per block (a total of 36 hours).

In addition to the allocated hours on campus learning, students will engage in synchronous and asynchronous online learning. This will comprise a total of approximately 36 hours of online engagement through a combination of lectures, synchronous online tutorials, synchronous and asynchronous discussions, online quizzes, and collaborative group work.

Theoretical material within the module will be presented to the students in the form of regular lectures throughout each of the semesters in the academic year. During those times of work based learning, these lectures will be delivered online and involve a number of technological enhancements. The learning of lecture content will be reinforced through time spent in independent learning by the directed reading of recommended texts and through the use of technology enhanced learning resources that will be provided online. This online learning and engagement will be delivered through several avenues:

Synchronous online tutorials in protected learning time where the student will contribute/attend an online activity appropriate to the content at the time at which the academic will be present online to facilitate and lead this scheduled/timetabled session. This tutorial will be themed/planned.

Asynchronous discussions in the student's own time (or during protected time where permitted and appropriate) where they will engage/collaborate with other students on the course or in specified groups, and in which the academic is permitted to moderate where necessary, but is not expected to contribute.

Synchronous surgery sessions timetabled for a specific time in which the academic will be available online to answer live questions via discussion boards/blogs/collaborate or to respond to questions posted/asked prior to the session.

Interactive, online formative quizzes made available either following a particular package of knowledge exchange/learning, or in specified sessions/time periods.

Lectures delivered online through a combination of one or more of the following: visual/audio/interactivity/personal formative assessment

A number of relevant practical sessions will be incorporated during the campusbased blocks in addition to the work based learning that must be achieved under supervision by a workplace supervisor. Practical sessions will both drive hands on learning and the acquisition of technical skills at both an individual and group working level.

The remainder of the independent learning time allocated to the module should be spent preparing written assessments for submission [B1] and undertaking revision for the exams [A].

Independent learning includes hours engaged with essential reading, case study preparation, assignment preparation and completion etc. These sessions constitute

Module Specification

an average time per level as indicated in the table below. Scheduled sessions may vary slightly depending on the module choices you make

**Module Learning outcomes:** On successful completion of this module students will achieve the following learning outcomes.

**MO1** Describe and explain the principles of radiation protection, relevant policy and legislation, and dose limitation

**MO2** Discuss and evaluate the governance framework within the workplace to demonstrate legislative compliance

**MO3** Describe the different types of personal and environmental dose monitors and explain how they are used in the healthcare environment

MO4 Explain the factors affecting the design of radiation facilities

**MO5** Explain the components of an instrumentation system, describe the components of a generalised instrument system and have knowledge of range of system parameters

**MO6** Discuss different radiation detector systems, the appropriate choice of detector and counting statistics

**MO7** Describe and explain common techniques for the measurement of physiological signals and their impact on patient safety and comfort

**MO8** Describe and explain the physiological signals used in cardiac and respiratory gating

Hours to be allocated: 300

**Contact hours:** 

Independent study/self-guided study = 228 hours

Face-to-face learning = 72 hours

Total = 300

**Reading list:** The reading list for this module can be accessed at readinglists.uwe.ac.uk via the following link <a href="https://uwe.rl.talis.com/modules/ussklk-30-2.html">https://uwe.rl.talis.com/modules/ussklk-30-2.html</a>

Student and Academic Services

Module Specification

Part 4: Assessment

**Assessment strategy:** The assessment for this module is designed to test the

breadth and depth of apprentices' knowledge, as well as their ability to analyse,

synthesize and summarise information critically including published legislation,

research and data from the wider literature.

Assessment Task 1 is a set exercise. This assessment provides apprentices with the

opportunity to demonstrate their knowledge and understanding of the legislative and

policy framework around the safe use of ionising and non-ionising radiation in a

healthcare environment.

Assessment Task 2 consists of a case study poster (without presentation). This

assessment allows apprentices to demonstrate both their ability to prioritise

information and produce a structured & evidenced discussion on techniques. This

assessment links directly to requests from employers as they require medical

physics graduates proficient at written and visual communication.

Formative feedback is available to apprentices throughout the module through group

discussions, and in workshops. Apprentices are provided with formative feed-

forward for their set exercise through a revision and preparation session and through

the extensive support materials supplied through Blackboard.

**Assessment components:** 

**Set Exercise** (First Sit)

Description: Set Exercise

Weighting: 50 %

Final assessment: No

Group work: No

Learning outcomes tested: MO1, MO2, MO3, MO4, MO8

Case Study (First Sit)

Description: Case study (poster)

Page 8 of 9 22 June 2023 Weighting: 50 %

Final assessment: Yes

Group work: No

Learning outcomes tested: MO5, MO6, MO7

## Set Exercise (Resit)

Description: Set Exercise

Weighting: 50 %

Final assessment: No

Group work: No

Learning outcomes tested: MO1, MO2, MO3, MO4, MO8

## Case Study (Resit)

Description: Case study (poster)

Weighting: 50 %

Final assessment: Yes

Group work: No

Learning outcomes tested: MO5, MO6, MO7

### Part 5: Contributes towards

This module contributes towards the following programmes of study:

Healthcare Science (Radiation Physics) {Apprenticeship-UWE} [Frenchay] BSc (Hons) 2022-23

Healthcare Science (Radiotherapy Physics) {Apprenticeship-UWE} [Frenchay] BSc (Hons) 2022-23

Healthcare Science (Nuclear Medicine) {Apprenticeship-UWE} [Frenchay] BSc (Hons) 2022-23