

MODULE SPECIFICATION

Part 1: Information						
Module Title	Advanced Medical Physics					
Module Code	USSKLK-30-2		Level	Level 5		
For implementation from	2020-21					
UWE Credit Rating	30		ECTS Credit Rating	15		
Faculty		ty of Health & ed Sciences	Field	Applied Sciences		
Department		AS Dept of Applied Sciences				
Module type:	Stand	tandard				
Pre-requisites	<u>.</u>	Scientific Basis of Mo	edical Physics 2020-21			
Excluded Combinations		None				
Co- requisites		Applied Medical Physics 2020-21				
Module Entry requirements		None				

Part 2: Description

Overview: This module explores advanced topics on medical physics relating to radiation governance and principles of scientific measurement.

Educational Aims: The overall aim of this module is to ensure that the student understands and can work safely within the legislative and policy framework around the safe use of ionising and non-ionising radiation in a healthcare environment.

Outline Syllabus: The syllabus covers:

Clinical sources of radiation Net positive benefit, dose limits Stochastic and deterministic effects Principles of designation of areas External audit standards Registration, safe custody, transport, use and disposal of radioactive sources Contingency plans, including radiation emergencies Notification of radiation accidents and incidents Biological and effective half-life Record keeping Personnel and environmental dose monitoring

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Operation of a personal monitoring service and approved dosimetry service Film and thermoluminescent dosimeter (TLD), optically stimulated luminance (OSL) monitoring, real-time dosimeters, e.g. Electronic Personal Dosimeter (EPD) Instrument calibration Internal dosimetry Patient dosimetry In-vivo dosimetry in radiotherapy, e.g. diodes, TLD, transit dosimetry Principles of radiation dose limitation (including factors affecting the design of radiation facilities) Risk assessment Controls Calculation of shielding requirements Environmental radiation surveys Radiation protection in the administration of radioactive substances Decontamination of radionuclide spills Contamination monitoring isotope calibrators Contamination monitors, wipe tests Waste management - biological and radioactive hazards Radioactive source security, e.g. high-activity sources Principles of scientific medical physics measurement Components of an instrumentation system, matching, source and internal impedance, fault finding System parameters (gain, linearity, accuracy, precision, error, resolution, hysteresis, sensitivity, bandwidth, frequency response and damping, time constant, noise, signal to noise) Power supplies and isolation Types of signal Choice of transducers and detectors Signal capture and process Image manipulation, e.g. monitor calibration, windowing and filtering Equipment sensitivity and uncertainty Sources of error Physiological test sensitivity and specificity Calibration and traceability For each detector system: Principles Construction Limitations associated equipment common clinical applications in radiation physics, nuclear medicine and radiotherapy Detector systems: ionisation chambers (Farmer, pinpoint, parallel plate, thimble) detector arrays for dosimetry. Geiger tubes sodium iodide and other scintillators liquid scintillation detection solid state detectors, e.g. diodes, amorphous silicon (a-Si) optical detectors, e.g. Cerenkov imaging TLDs photographic film gel dosimeters alanine OSL chemical detectors, e.g. Gafchromic film Physiological signals Physiological basis of signals Methods of measurement Signal processing and extraction Use of physiological signals in Medical Physics, e.g. respiratory and cardiac gating Introduction to ECG (Electrocardiogram) in clinical practice

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Teaching and Learning Methods: There will be 3 weeks of contact time at UWE in 3 x 1 week blocks. Included in each block week are laboratory workshops, lectures and tutorials. The contact time will equate to approximately 12 hours per block (a total of 36 hours).

In addition to the allocated hours on campus learning, students will engage in synchronous and asynchronous online learning. This will comprise a total of approximately 36 hours of online engagement through a combination of lectures, synchronous online tutorials, synchronous and asynchronous discussions, online quizzes, and collaborative group work.

Theoretical material within the module will be presented to the students in the form of regular lectures throughout each of the semesters in the academic year. During those times of work based learning, these lectures will be delivered online and involve a number of technological enhancements. The learning of lecture content will be reinforced through time spent in independent learning by the directed reading of recommended texts and through the use of technology enhanced learning resources that will be provided online. This online learning and engagement will be delivered through several avenues:

Synchronous online tutorials in protected learning time where the student will contribute/attend an online activity appropriate to the content at the time at which the academic will be present online to facilitate and lead this scheduled/timetabled session. This tutorial will be themed/planned.

Asynchronous discussions in the student's own time (or during protected time where permitted and appropriate) where they will engage/collaborate with other students on the course or in specified groups, and in which the academic is permitted to moderate where necessary, but is not expected to contribute.

Synchronous surgery sessions timetabled for a specific time in which the academic will be available online to answer live questions via discussion boards/blogs/collaborate or to respond to questions posted/asked prior to the session.

Interactive, online formative quizzes made available either following a particular package of knowledge exchange/learning, or in specified sessions/time periods.

Lectures delivered online through a combination of one or more of the following: visual/audio/interactivity/personal formative assessment

A number of relevant practical sessions will be incorporated during the campus-based blocks in addition to the work based learning that must be achieved under supervision by a workplace supervisor. Practical sessions will both drive hands on learning and the acquisition of technical skills at both an individual and group working level.

The remainder of the independent learning time allocated to the module should be spent preparing written assessments for submission [B1] and undertaking revision for the exams [A].

Independent learning includes hours engaged with essential reading, case study preparation, assignment preparation and completion etc. These sessions constitute an average time per level as indicated in the table below. Scheduled sessions may vary slightly depending on the module choices you make

Part 3: Assessment

The assessment for this module is designed to test the breadth and depth of students' knowledge, as well as their ability to analyse, synthesize and summarise information critically including published legislation, research and data from the wider literature.

Component A consists of an exam and will be 2 hours duration. This assessment provides students with the opportunity to demonstrate their knowledge and understanding of the legislative and policy framework around the safe use of ionising and non-ionising radiation in a healthcare environment.

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Component B consists of a case study poster (without presentation). This assessment allows students to demonstrate both their ability to prioritise information and produce a structured & evidenced discussion on techniques. This assessment links directly to requests from employers as they require medical physics graduates proficient at written and visual communication.

Formative feedback is available to students throughout the module through group discussions, and in workshops. Students are provided with formative feed-forward for their exam through a revision and exam preparation session prior to the exam and through the extensive support materials supplied through Blackboard.

First Sit Components	Final Assessment	Element weighting	Description
Case Study - Component B	✓	50 %	Case study (poster)
Examination - Component A		50 %	Examination (2 hours)
Resit Components	Final Assessment	Element weighting	Description
Case Study - Component B	~	50 %	Case study (poster)
Examination - Component A		50 %	Examination (2 hours)

Part 4: Teaching and Learning Methods						
On successful completion of this module students will achieve the follow	ving learning	outcomes:				
Module Learning Outcomes		Reference				
Describe and explain the principles of radiation protection, relevant policy and legislation, and dose limitation						
Discuss and evaluate the governance framework within the workplace to						
Describe the different types of personal and environmental dose monitors and						
 Explain the components of an instrumentation system, describe the components of a generalised instrument system and have knowledge of range of system parameters Discuss different radiation detector systems, the appropriate choice of detector and counting statistics Describe and explain common techniques for the measurement of physiological signals and their impact on patient safety and comfort Describe and explain the physiological signals used in cardiac and respiratory gating 						
				Independent Study Hours:		
				Independent study/self-guided study	28	
				Total Independent Study Hours:	2	28
	On successful completion of this module students will achieve the follow Module Learning Outcomes Describe and explain the principles of radiation protection, relevant polegislation, and dose limitation Discuss and evaluate the governance framework within the workplace demonstrate legislative compliance Describe the different types of personal and environmental dose moniexplain how they are used in the healthcare environment Explain the factors affecting the design of radiation facilities Explain the components of an instrumentation system, describe the correst of a generalised instrument system and have knowledge of range of suparameters Discuss different radiation detector systems, the appropriate choice of and counting statistics Describe and explain common techniques for the measurement of physignals and their impact on patient safety and comfort Describe and explain the physiological signals used in cardiac and resigning Independent Study Hours:	On successful completion of this module students will achieve the following learning Module Learning Outcomes Describe and explain the principles of radiation protection, relevant policy and legislation, and dose limitation Discuss and evaluate the governance framework within the workplace to demonstrate legislative compliance Describe the different types of personal and environmental dose monitors and explain how they are used in the healthcare environment Explain the factors affecting the design of radiation facilities Explain the components of an instrumentation system, describe the components of a generalised instrument system and have knowledge of range of system parameters Discuss different radiation detector systems, the appropriate choice of detector and counting statistics Describe and explain the physiological signals used in cardiac and respiratory gating Independent Study Hours: Independent study/self-guided study 2:				

	Scheduled Learning and Teaching Hours:	
	Face-to-face learning	72
	Total Scheduled Learning and Teaching Hours:	72
	Hours to be allocated	300
	Allocated Hours	300
Reading List	The reading list for this module can be accessed via the following link: https://uwe.rl.talis.com/index.html	

Part 5: Contributes Toward	s
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This module contributes towards the following programmes of study: