

ACADEMIC SERVICES

MODULE SPECIFICATION

Part 1: Basic Data						
Module Title	Principles of Radiographic Interpretation and Patient Assessment					
Module Code	UZYSXQ-30-3		Level	3	Version	1
Owning Faculty	Health and Applied Sciences		Field	Allied Health Professions		
Contributes towards	BSc (Hons) Dia	gnostic Imaging				
UWE Credit Rating	30 credits	ECTS Credit Rating	15	Module Type	Standard	
Pre-requisites			Co- requisites	None		
Excluded Combinations	UZYS9W-20-3		Module Entry requirements	N/A		
Valid From	September 2015		Valid to	September 2021		

CAP Approval Date	30 April 2015

Part 2: Learning and Teaching			
Learning Outcomes	 Distinguish between normal and abnormal appearances on radiographic images of the appendicular and axial skeleton (Component A) Utilise appropriate and accurate terminology to identify radiographic findings and correlation of additional medical tests (Component A) Critically evaluate the fundamentals associated with decision making with reference to image interpretation (Component B) Critically evaluate the integration of ethical, legal and management issues within effective rational decision making (Component B) Discuss the importance of audit within the realms of image interpretation and requirements for maintaining standards (Component B) Demonstrate problem solving skills and decision making in relation to image requisition (Component A and Component B) 		
Syllabus Outline	Principles of radiographic image interpretation Impact of disease processes and trauma on radiological appearances. Critical image evaluation of frequent conventional general radiological examinations, relevant terminology and abbreviations, Pattern recognition including normal and abnormal image appearances of axial and appendicular images,		

Current and future developments Clinical decision making and image interpretation criteria framework and associated impact upon patient management. Practitioner autonomy: Legal and ethical responsibilities of practitioners, issues related to selfregistration and professional indemnity, competence, negligence, clinical governance, clinical supervision, risk management, record and document keeping, quality control of general x-ray equipment Reflection: Reflection and utilisation of reflective skills within modern clinical practice, implementation of reflective models. Technology and management of information: Impact of modern technology infrastructures upon working practice. Contact Hours 150 hours of contact time including lectures and small group activities. There is also the requirement to utilise TEL (Shaderware) as part of the technology aided teaching resources. Teaching and Learning Scheduled learning includes lectures, seminars, tutorials, practical classes and Methods workshops: Independent learning includes hours engaged with essential reading, case study preparation, assignment preparation. Key Information Sets (KIS) are produced at programme level for all programmes that **Key Information** Sets Information this module contributes to, which is a requirement set by HESA/HEFCE. KIS are comparable sets of standardised information about undergraduate courses allowing prospective students to compare and contrast between programmes they are interested in applying for. **Key Information Set - Module data** 30 Number of credits for this module Hours to Scheduled Placement Allocated Independent be learning and study hours study hours Hours allocated teaching study hours 300 150 150 300 0 The table below indicates as a percentage the total assessment of the module which constitutes a -Practical Exam: OSPRIIE and U choose scenarios in controlled conditions Please note that this is the total of various types of assessment and will not necessarily reflect the component and module weightings in the Assessment section

	of this module description:			
	of this module description.			
	Total assessment of the module:			
	Written exam assessment percentage	0%		
	Coursework assessment percentage	0%		
	Practical exam assessment percentage	100%		
		100%		
Reading Strategy	Core reading It is essential that students read one of the many texts on image interpretation and team working and management and leadership available through the Library. Module handbooks will also reflect the range of reading to be carried out.			
	Further reading			
	Students are expected to identify all other reading relevant to their professional role and reflective practice for themselves. They will be encouraged to read widely using the library search, a variety of bibliographic and full-text databases, and Internet resources. Many resources can be accessed remotely.			
	Access and skills			
	The development of literature searching skills is support seminar provided within the first semester. These level upon skills gained by the student whilst studying at level Additional support is available through the library web printeractive tutorials on finding books and journals, evaluate referencing. Sign-up workshops are also offered by the	three skills will build els one and two. bages, including uating information and		
Indicative Reading List	The following list is offered to provide validation panels/accre- indication of the type and level of information students expec- its currency may wane during the life span of the module spe- indicated above, current advice on readings will be available	eted to consult. As such, ecification. However, as		
	Hardy,M. and Snaith,B. (2010) Musculoskeletal Trauma: a guide to assessment and diagnosis. London: Churchill Livingstone			
	McRae,R. (2006) Pocketbook of Orthopaedics and Fractures. 2 nd ed London: Churchill Livingstone. Raby,N (2005) Accident and Emergency Radiology: A Survival Guide 2 nd edition Philadelphia: Saunders Ltd			
	Thornton,A and Gyll,C.(1999) Children's Fractures : A l Safe Practice. London: Bailliere Tindall	Radiological guide To		

Assessment Strategy	The assessments are OSPRIIE (Objective Structured Pattern Recognition Image Interpretation Examination) and decision making scenario.
	The use of OSPRIIE replicates the require skills of image commenting in practice. The decision making scenarios assess the student's ability to justify the radiographic examination and the post image decision.
	The use of 2 types of controlled condition exam replicates the 2 strands of decision making in the requisition of the clinical examination, post image assessment plus the mirroring of image interpretation required in practice.

Identify final assessment component and element		
% weighting between components A and B (Standard modules only)	A: 50%	B: 50%
First Sit		
Component A (controlled conditions) Description of each element		weighting omponent)
OSPRIIE-1.5hrs	100	0%
Component B Description of each element		weighting
Decision Making Scenario1.5hrs	,	0%

Element weighting (as % of component)
100%
Element weighting (as % of component)
100%

If a student is permitted an **EXCEPTIONAL RETAKE** of the module the assessment will be that indicated by the Module Description at the time that retake commences.