

CORPORATE AND ACADEMIC SERVICES

MODULE SPECIFICATION

Part 1: Basic Data							
Module Title	Introduction to Cognitive Behavioural Therapy						
Module Code	USPJVJ-15-M		Level	М	Version 2		
Owning Faculty	Health and Applied Sciences		Field	Psychology			
Contributes towards	MSc Cognitive Behavioural Therapy PGDip Cognitive Behavioural Therapy MSc Health Psychology						
UWE Credit Rating	15	ECTS Credit Rating	7.5	Module Type	Standard		
Pre-requisites	None		Co- requisites	None			
Excluded	N/A		Module Entry				
Combinations			requirements				
Valid From	Sept 2013		Valid to				

CAP Approval Date	

Part 2: Learning and Teaching		
Learning Outcomes	On successful completion of this module students will be able to:	
	Demonstrate awareness of the principles of cognitive behavioural therapy (CBT) and how to apply them in order to understand client/service user problems (Component A & B)	
	Consider critically the philosophical basis of CBT and the evidence base for the application of CBT interventions (Component A & B)	
	Demonstrate an awareness of the collaborative stance with the clients/service users (Component A & B)	
	Develop CBT-specific intervention plans (Component A & B)	
	Demonstrate awareness of ethical practice and professional issues (Component B)	
	Demonstrate self-direction and originality in considering client/service user problems (Component B)	
	Critically evaluate how own and or others emotional responses/experiences contribute to enhancing practice (Component A & B)	
	Demonstrate an ability to adapt CBT sensitively, and to ensure equitable access for people from diverse cultures and with different values (Component B)	
Syllabus Outline	The module introduces the importance of the link between cognition and emotion and through the pioneering work of Beck and Ellis goes on to present a view of mental health issues through the process of distorted thinking and attributions. The more	

	recent work of authors such as Padesky is used to encourage trainees to consider their own ways of thinking and how this might lead to distressing emotional states of their own, as a way of becoming aware of the cognitive-behavioural philosophy and therapeutic style. Trainees will learn key stages of the therapy, including agenda setting, formulation, thought identification and challenging, with an emphasis on maintenance of change and using the relationship to engage clients and overcome difficulties.
Contact Hours/Scheduled Hours	The module involves 24 hours of scheduled contact time
Teaching and Learning Methods	Scheduled learning includes interactive lectures, DVD and live demonstration, discussion, experiential exercises
	Independent learning includes hours engaged with essential reading, assignment preparation and completion.
Reading Strategy	Core readings
	Any essential reading will be indicated clearly, along with the method for accessing it, e.g. students may be required to purchase a set text, be given a print study pack or be referred to texts that are available electronically or in the Library. Module guides will also reflect the range of reading to be carried out.
	Further readings
	Further reading will be required to supplement the set text and other printed readings. Students are expected to identify all other reading relevant to their chosen topic for themselves. They will be required to read widely using the library search, a variety of bibliographic and full text databases, and Internet resources. Many resources can be accessed remotely. The purpose of this further reading is to ensure students are familiar with current research, classic works and material specific to their interests from the academic literature.
	Access and skills
	Support is available through the Library Services web pages, including interactive tutorials on finding books and journals, evaluating information and referencing. Sign up workshops are also offered by the Library.
Indicative Reading List	Bennet-Levy, J. (2010). Oxford guide to low intensity CBT interventions. Oxford University Press.
	Gilbert, P & Leahy, R. L. (Eds.). (2007). The therapeutic relationship in the cognitive behavioural psychotherapies. London: Routledge.
	Hayes, P.A., Iwamasa, G. (2006). (Eds.). Culturally responsive cognitive-behaviour therapy: assessment, practice and supervision. Washington, DC: American Psychological Association. House, R. and Loewenthal, D. (2008). Against and for CBT: towards a constructive dialogue. London:PCCS Books.
	Leahy, R. (2003). <i>Cognitive therapy techniques: a practitioner's guide</i> . New York: Guilford Press.
	Milne, A. (2008) Cognitive behaviour therapy. London: Teach Yourself.
	Neenan, M. (2006). <i>Cognitive therapy in a nutshell.</i> London: Sage.
	Padesky, C., Greenberger, D. (1995). Clinician's guide to mind over mood.

New York: Guilford.

Sanders, D & Wills, F. (2005). *Cognitive therapy: An introduction*. London: Sage.

Simmons, J. & Griffiths, R. (2009) *Cognitive behavioural therapy for beginners*. London: Sage.

Tribe, R. & Morrissey, J. (Eds.). (2005). *Handbook of professional and ethical practice*. London: Brunner-Routledge.

Westbrook, D., Kennerley, H., Kirk, J. (2011) 2nd Ed. *An introduction to cognitive behaviour therapy: Skills & applications*. London:Sage.

Williams, C. & Chellingsworth, M. (2010). *CBT: a clinician's guide to using the five areas approach*. London: Hodder Arnold.

Wills, F. (2008). Skills in cognitive behaviour therapy. London: Sage.

In addition to these general texts students will be advised about specific texts and relevant journal articles and are encouraged to do their own literature searches around the syllabus content.

Part 3: Assessment

Assessment Strategy

The module is assessed by an in class test (25% of module marks) that is used to assess students' understanding of key aspects of the CBT model.

It is also assessed by a 2000 word coursework essay (75% of the module) that tests students' abilities to apply their theoretical learning to fictitious case material. This requires students to demonstrate deeper learning and to show appreciation of complex issues that arise in the application of CBT to clinical contexts.

Within the taught sessions students have opportunities for formative assessment and feedback by completing experiential exercises that demonstrate key aspects of CBT.

Students' work is assessed according to learning outcomes and M level marking scheme.

Identify final assessment component and element			
	A:	B:	
% weighting between components A and B (Standard modules only)		75	
First Sit			
Component A (controlled conditions) Description of each element		Element weighting (as % of component)	
1. In class test		25%	
Component B Description of each element		Element weighting (as % of component)	
1. CW essay		75%	

Resit (further attendance at taught classes is not required)		
Component A (controlled conditions)	Element weighting	
Description of each element	(as % of component)	
1. Exam	25%	
Component B	Element weighting	
Description of each element	(as % of component)	
1. CW essay	75%	

If a student is permitted an **EXCEPTIONAL RETAKE** of the module the assessment will be that indicated by the Module Description at the time that retake commences.