

MODULE SPECIFICATION

Guidance is given in the template in red. Please write the details for your module over the guidance notes and delete the red text.

Part 1: Information						
Module Title	Studying Speech Communities					
Module Code	UPN	Q4N-30-2	Level	2		
For implementation from	September 2018					
UWE Credit Rating	30		ECTS Credit Rating	15		
Faculty	ACE		Field	English Language & Linguistics		
Department	ACI					
Contributes towards	BA (Hons.) English Language & Linguistics					
Module type:	Stand	ndard				
Pre-requisites		None				
Excluded Combinations		None				
Co- requisites		None				
Module Entry requirements		N/a				

Part 2: Description

This module gives students the opportunity to consider how language operates within social settings, and how language use is influenced by factors including age, sex and social class. Students will develop an appreciation of sociolinguistic theory, explore how linguistic variation can be measured and gain skills in conducting empirical investigations

Syllabus:

Teaching Block 1

- Variationist sociolinguistics
- Sociolinguistic Variables and Variants
- Regional, Social and stylistic variation
- Change from above and below

Teaching Block 2

- Phonological theory
- Formant measurements
- Sociophonetics

Data collection

Data analysis techniques

Part 3: Assessment

In the first teaching block, students are sensitised to the social variables which govern (or at the very least: influence) linguistic behaviour. They are exposed to relevant recent research in the field and given the opportunity to conduct small-scale surveys as a means of preparing them for larger data collection in TB2. Students will sit a 90 minute exam in which they will be expected to analyse relevant data using theories introduced in the module.

In TB2, students will (as part of a group) carry out sociolinguistic interviews, transcription, data collation and data thinning processes. This will then be used as the basis (along with other groups' data) to answer a research question about the speech community in question.

entify final timetabled piece of assessment Cor omponent and element)		ponent B2		
	A: 40%	B: 60%		
weighting between components A and B (Standard	% weighting between components A and B (Standard modules only)			
First Sit				
Component A (controlled conditions) Description of each element			Element weighting (as % of component)	
1. 90-minute exam	100	100%		
Component B Description of each element		Element weighting (as % of component)		
1. Contribution to research data			20%	
2. 2,000 word assignment			80%	
Resit (further attendance at taught classes is not requ	uired)			
Component A (controlled conditions) Description of each element		Element w (as % of co		
1. 90-minute exam		100%		
Component B Description of each element		Element weighting (as % of component)		
1. 2,000 word assignment		100%		
Part 4: Teaching an	d Learning Methods			
communities they belong Demonstrate knowledge	nodule students will be able to ation for and an understand g to, including Bristol. (Con of the key concepts of soc stic data and data collectio	ling of the spee nponents A & B iolinguistics, inc) cluding	

ability to collect and analyse data (Components A & B)

age, sex, social class) (Components A & B)

investigation (Components A & B)

Analyse and interpret linguistic data relating to sociolinguistic variable (e.g.

Recognise the most important features of a well-designed research

Design and conduct their own research studies (Component B) Present clearly the results of empirical investigations (Component B) Demonstrate a knowledge of the key linguistic features which vary across

	 speech communities (Components A & B) Demonstrate practical computing skills useful in the analysis of linguistic data (Component B) 					
Key Information Sets Information (KIS)	 Further detail on Key Information Sets and how the University is implementing its requirements can be found <u>here</u>. This also contains further guidance on how to complete the information requested below. A KIS is required for every undergraduate programme (including integrated Masters and foundation degrees) so please fill this section if this module will contribute to an undergraduate programme. 					
	Double click in the table and type over the number of hours – the table will total automatically. Please ensure that it totals correctly. <u>Key Information Set - Module data</u>					
Contact Hours	Number of credits for this module 30					
	Hours to be allocatedScheduled IndependentIndependent PlacementAllocated Hoursbe allocatedIcarning and teaching study hoursstudy hoursHours					
	300 80 220 0 300 🔗					
Total Assessment	 The table below indicates as a percentage the total assessment of the module which constitutes a; Written Exam: Unseen or open book written exam Coursework: Written assignment or essay, report, dissertation, portfolio, project or in class test Practical Exam: Oral Assessment and/or presentation, practical skills assessment, practical exam (i.e. an exam determining mastery of a technique) Please note that this is the total of various types of assessment and will probably not reflect the component and module weightings in the Assessment section of this module 					
	description: Note also that, if students must complete, e.g. a piece of coursework in order to pass the module, it should be included *even if it will not count towards the final assessment*					
	Double click in the table and type over the percentages – the table will total automatically. Please ensure that it amounts to 100%					
	Total assessment of the module:					
	Written exam assessment percentage40%Coursework assessment percentage60%Practical exam assessment percentage0%100%100%					
Reading List	Meyerhoff, Miriam 2011 <i>Introducing Sociolinguistics</i> 2nd. Edition. Abingdon: Routledge. Holmes, Janet 2008 <i>An Introduction to Sociolinguistics</i> . 3 rd . Edition. Harlow: Longman.					

Hughes, Arthur, Peter Trudgill and Dominic Watts 2012 English
Accents and Dialects. An Introduction to Social and Regional
Varieties of English in the British Isles. 5th. Edition. Croydon:
Hodder Education.
Johnson, K. (2012) Acoustic and Auditory Phonetics. Oxford: Wiley
Bennett, J. 2012 'And what comes out may be a kind of screeching':
The stylisation of <i>chavspeak</i> in contemporary Britain. <i>Journal</i> of Sociolinguistics 16/1: 5-27.
Cheshire, J., P. Kerswill, S. Fox & E. Torgersen 2011 Contact, the
feature pool and the speech community: The emergence of Multicultural London English Journal of Sociolinguistics 15/2:
151-196.
Coupland, N. & H. Bishop 2007 Ideologised values for British accents. <i>Journal of Sociolinguistics</i> . 11/1: 74-93.
Dailey-O'Cain, J. 2000 The sociolinguistic distribution of and attitudes toward focuser <i>like</i> and quotative <i>like. Journal of Sociolinguistics</i>
4/1: 60-80.
Erman, B. 2001 Pragmatic markers revisited with a focus on <i>you</i> <i>know</i> in adult and adolescent talk. <i>Journal of Pragmatics</i> 33: 1337-1359.
Macaulay, R. 2002 You know, it depends. <i>Journal of Pragmatics</i> 34: 749-767.
McMahon, A. (2002). An Introduction to English Phonology. Edinburgh: Edinburgh University Press.
McMahon, A. (1994) Understanding language change. Cambridge: CUP
Miskovic-Lukovic, M. 2009 <i>Is there a chance that I might kinda sort of take you to dinner?</i> : The role of the pragmatic particles <i>kind of and sort of in utterance interpretation</i> . <i>Journal of Pragmatics</i> 41: 602-625.
Tagliamonte, S. and D'Arcy, A. 2004 <i>He's like, she's like</i> : The quotative system in Canadian youth. <i>Journal of Sociolinguistics</i> 8/4: 493-514.
Tagliamonte, S. 2005 So who? Like how? Just what? Discourse markers in the conversations of Young Canadians. <i>Journal of</i> <i>Pragmatics</i> 37 :1896–1915

FOR OFFICE USE ONLY

First CAP Approval Date		01/06/2012				
	01/02/2017		Version	2	Link to RIA 12136	
Approval Date						
Update this						
row each time						
a change goes						
to CAP						