

ACADEMIC SERVICES

MODULE SPECIFICATION

Part 1: Basic Data							
Module Title	Principles of Evidence Based Public Health						
Module Code	UZVSDK-20-M		Level	M	Ver	sion	3
UWE Credit Rating	20	ECTS Credit Rating	10	WBL modu	ile?	No	
Owning Faculty	Health and Applied Sciences Fiel		Field	Health Community and Policy Studies			
Department	Health and Social Sciences Module Type Standard						
Contributes towards	PG Dip Public Health: Specialist Community Public Health Nursing						
Pre-requisites	None		Co- requisites	None			
Excluded Combinations	UZVRDY-20-3 Principles of Evidence Based Public Health		Module Entry requirements	None			
First CAP Approval Date	10 th October 2012		Valid from	September 2012			
Revision CAP Approval Date	26 th February (SCPHN Panel)		Revised with effect from	September 2016			

Review Date					
	Part 2: Learning and Teaching				
Learning Outcomes	 On successful completion of this module students will be able to: Justify the need for and importance of evidence-based public health. Critically analyse the use of evidence in the formation of public health policy and practice. Evaluate the types of evidence routinely used as a basis for public health policy and practice. Critically examine the validity and reliability of evidence from a range of research designs. Critically analyse the concepts of systematic review and meta-analysis for public health. Review and critically appraise the role of evaluation in public health research. Review and critically analyse the facilitators, constraints and barriers for the implementation of public health theory and research into practice. 				
Syllabus Outline	 Introduction: the concept of evidence based policy and practice (the role of evidence in the policy process; the concept of a public health policy intervention and use of evidence) Literature searching database The nature of evidence: The disciplinary basis of evidence Basic epidemiological principles Hierarchies of evidence Exploring reliability and validity of evidence Health Needs Assessment / Health Impact Assessment 				

	 Different methodologies used as a basis for development of evidence CASP critical appraisal tools and production of research critiques Approaches to systematic review of the evidence The assessment of scientific evidence and its contribution to public health practice and policy including evaluation of effectiveness of interventions (including health impact assessment), including current public health programmes at different geographical scales The dissemination and communication of evidence and the role of the media Ethical issues surrounding the collection, interpretation, dissemination and use of public health information. Critical review of contemporary issues in evidence based public health 						
Contact Hours	 10 hours of lectures, plus 10 hours of seminars. Blended learning activities in preparation for each seminar session, consisting of a critical appraisal activity linked to a range of academic papers. 						
Teaching and Learning Methods	 In order to foster an interdisciplinary approach the module is delivered by a multidisciplinary teaching team from the Department of Health and Social Sciences and Nursing and Midwifery. Scheduled learning involves four contact days which consist of lectures and small-group seminars. Independent learning includes an e-learning resource 'Using Health Research', subject-specific quizzes, and self-directed study. 						
Key Information Sets Information	Key Information this module con comparable set prospective stud interested in ap <i>Number</i> of Hours to be allocated	tributes to, wh s of standardis dents to compa	ich is a require ed information are and contra s module Independent	ement set by H about underg st between pr	HESA/HEFCE	E. KIS are	
	200	20	180		200		
	200	20	160		200	•	
	\ C	Unseen writte at this is the tot ect the compo	n exam, al of various ty nent and modu ent of the mod ssessment per sessment per	/pes of assess ule weightings ule: rcentage	sment and wi in the Asses 100% 0%	ll not	
		100%					

Reading Strategy	It is essential that students access and read all of the materials under 'Learning Materials' materials on Blackboard. Students will be directed to supportive reading for the module and the assessment, which is available electronically via links on the module page of Principles of Evidence Based Public Health on Blackboard. Additional reading support is available through UWE Library online services. This includes interactive tutorials on search skills and on the use of specific electronic library resources. Sign up workshops are also offered by the library. Students will also be expected to read more widely by identifying relevant material using the Module handbook and the Library catalogue.
Indicative Reading List	Suggested pre-course reading (Available in hard copy from Glenside library, or online as an e-book from the UWE library):
	 "Why read papers at all?" In Greenhalgh, T. (2014) How to read a Paper: The basics of evidence based medicine (5th edition), pp 1-13. London: BMJ Books.
	Core texts for the module:
	 Greenhalgh, T. (2014). How to read a Paper: The basics of evidence based medicine (5th edition). London: BMJ Books. Aveyard, H. & Sharp, P. (2013). A beginner's guide to evidence-based practice in health and social care (2nd edition). Maidenhead; Open University Press.
	General texts relating to evidence-based public health:
	 Chalmers, I., & Altman, D. (1995). Systematic Reviews. BMJ Publishing Group. Davies, H., Nutley, S., & Smith, P. (2000). What Works? Evidence-based policy and practice in public services. Policy Press. Harrison, T. (2003). Evidence-based multidisciplinary public health. In (Eds) Orme, J. Powell, J. Taylor, P. Harrison, T & Grey, M. Public Health for the 21st century: New perspectives on policy, participation and practice (2nd edition), pp.251-268. Maidenhead: Open University Press. Kings Fund. (2000). Evidence and Public Health, towards a common framework. Accessed at: http://www.kingsfund.org.uk/publications/evidenceand-public-health. Nutley, S. (2003) Bridging the policy/research divide: Reflections and lessons from the UK. Accessed at: www.ruru.ac.uk/pdf/Bridging%20Research%20Policy%20Divide.pdf. Research Unit for Research Utilisation (2002) Evidenced-based policy and practice: Moving from rhetoric to reality. Accessed at: www.cem.org/attachments/ebe/P086- P095%20Huw%20Davies%20and%20Sandra%20Nutley.pdf Rychetnik, L., Frommer, M., Hawe, P., & Shiell, A. (2002). Criteria for evaluating evidence on public health interventions. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 56:119-127.

Part 3: Assessment			
Assessment Strategy	Summative assessment - There is one component to the assessment. It is a controlled component consisting of a two hours and 30 minute exam comprised of 35 multiple choice questions (MCQs) and 10 short answer questions (SAQs) based on module learning outcomes.		

Formative assessment during the module includes: online guizzes, critical
appraisal-based seminar activities, Q&A sessions during lectures.

Identify final assessment component and element				
		A:	B:	
% weighting between components A and B (Standard modules only)				
First Sit				
Component A (controlled conditions)			Element weighting	
Description of each element		(as % of co	mponent)	
1. Unseen Exam 2.5 hours			100	
2.(etc)				
Component B Description of each element		Element w (as % of co		
1. N/A		0		
2.(etc)				

Resit (further attendance at taught classes is not required)			
Component A (controlled conditions) Description of each element	Element weighting (as % of component)		
1. Unseen Exam 2.5 hours	100		
2.(etc)			
Component B Description of each element	Element weighting (as % of component)		
1. N/A	0		
2.(etc)			
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If a student is permitted a retake of the module under the University Regulations and Procedures, the assessment will be that indicated by the Module Description at the time that retake commences.